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CLAIMS

1. An integrated circuit, comprising:

an array of state-change devices and including a first decoder circuit and a second decoder circuit for selecting a particular state-change device;

a voltage source coupled to the first decoder circuit;

sense circuitry coupled to the second decoder receiving an electrical parameter from the selected state-change device and detecting a particular value of the electrical parameter; and

a control circuit coupled to the voltage source, the first and second decoders, and the sense circuitry for selecting a first voltage from the voltage source to alter the selected state-change device and for selecting a second voltage from the voltage source when the sense circuitry detects the particular value of the electrical parameter.

- 2. The integrated circuit of claim 1, wherein the control circuit includes logic for selecting the first voltage for a predetermined time and then selecting a third voltage before the sense circuitry detects the particular value of the electrical parameter.
- 3. The integrated circuit of claim 2 wherein the third voltage is equal to the second voltage.
- 4. The integrated circuit of claim 2, wherein the control circuit includes logic for repeatedly selecting the first voltage for a predetermined time and then selecting the third voltage until the sense circuitry detects the particular value of the electrical parameter.
- 5. The integrated circuit of claim 1, wherein the control circuit creates a digital pulse train to alternately select between applying the first voltage and a third voltage to the state-change device until the sense circuitry detects the particular value of the electrical parameter.

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- 6. The integrated circuit of claim 5, wherein the sense circuitry compares the received electrical parameter to the particular value during the time the third voltage is applied to the state-change device.
- 5 7. The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the state-change device is selected from the group consisting of direct tunneling antifuses, silicide switches, and Lecomber switches.
 - 8. The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the state-change device comprises read-writeable phase-change material.
 - 9. The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the sense circuitry comprises an analog to digital converter for converting the detected electrical parameter to a digital value.
 - 10. The integrated circuit of claim 1 wherein the sense circuitry comprises a digital to analog converter for converting the particular value to an analog signal that is compared to the received electrical parameter.
- 20 11. An integrated circuit, comprising:
 - a state-change device in a first state and having an input, an output, and at least three possible states;
 - a voltage source coupled to the input of the state-change device;
 - a sense circuit coupled to the output of the state-change device for detecting when the state-change device enters a predetermined state of the three possible states; and
 - control circuitry for selecting a first voltage of the voltage source to alter the state-change device and for selecting a second voltage of the voltage source when the sense circuit detects the predetermined state.
 - 12. The integrated circuit of claim 11, further comprising:

a pulse circuit creating a digital pulse train in the control circuitry for alternatively selecting between the first voltage and a third voltage of the voltage source; and

wherein the sense circuit detects a change of state of the state-change device 5 during the time the third voltage is applied.

- 13. The integrated circuit of claim 12 wherein the third voltage is equal to the second voltage.
- 10 14. The integrated circuit of claim 12, wherein the control circuit includes logic for repeatedly selecting the first voltage for a predetermined time and then selecting the third voltage until the sense circuitry detects the particular value of the electrical parameter.
- 15. The integrated circuit of claim 11, wherein the control circuit creates a digital pulse train to alternately select between applying the first voltage and a third voltage to the state-change device until the sense circuitry detects the particular value of the electrical parameter.
- 20 16. The integrated circuit of claim 15, wherein the sense circuitry compares the received electrical parameter to the particular value during the time the third voltage is applied to the state-change device.
- 17. The integrated circuit of claim 11 wherein the state-change device is selected from the group consisting of direct tunneling antifuses, silicide switches, and Lecomber switches.
 - 18. The integrated circuit of claim 11 wherein the state-change device comprises read-writeable phase-change material.

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- 19. The integrated circuit of claim 11 wherein the sense circuitry comprises an analog to digital converter for converting the detected electrical parameter to a digital value.
- 5 20. The integrated circuit of claim 11 wherein the sense circuitry comprises a digital to analog converter for converting the particular value to an analog signal that is compared to the received electrical parameter.
 - 21. A device having memory array, comprising: a state change device; means for applying a first voltage to the state-change device; means for detecting an electrical parameter of the state-change device; means for comparing the detected electrical parameter to a particular value; and

means for applying a second voltage to the state-change device when the detected electrical parameter compares with the particular value.

- The device of claim 21 wherein the mean for applying a first voltage is performed in discrete time frames by alternately providing the first voltage and a third
 voltage.
 - 23. The device of claim 22 wherein the third voltage is equal to the second voltage.
- 24. The device of claim 22, wherein the means for applying a first voltage includes means for repeatedly selecting the first voltage for a predetermined time and then selecting the third voltage until the means for detecting detects the particular value of the electrical parameter.

- 25. The device of claim 21 wherein the state-change device is selected from the group consisting of direct tunneling antifuses, silicide switches, and Lecomber switches.
- 5 26. The device of claim 21 wherein the state-change device comprises readwriteable phase-change material.
 - 27. The device of claim 21 wherein the means for detecting comprises an analog to digital means for converting the detected electrical parameter to a digital value.
 - 28. The device of claim 21 wherein the means for comparing comprises a digital to analog means for converting the particular value to an analog signal that is compared to a received electrical parameter.
- 15 29. The device of claim 21, wherein the means for applying a first voltage creates a digital pulse train to alternately select between applying the first voltage and a third voltage to the state-change device until the sense circuitry detects the particular value of the electrical parameter.
- 20 30. The device of claim 29, wherein the means for comparing compares a received electrical parameter to the particular value during time the third voltage is applied to the state-change device.
- 31. A method of programming a memory array, comprising the steps of:

 selecting a state-change element from an array of state-change elements;

 applying a first voltage to the selected state-change element;

 detecting an electrical parameter of the selected state-change element;

 comparing the detected electrical parameter to a predetermined value; and applying a second voltage to the selected state-change element when the
- detected electrical parameter compares to the predetermined value.

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- 32. The method of claim 31 further comprising the step of verifying that the state-change device has been programmed to a proper state.
- 33. The method of claim 31, wherein the step of applying a first voltage further comprises applying the first voltage for a discrete time period and further comprising the steps of:

applying a third voltage to the selected state-change element after the discrete time period before detecting the electrical parameter through the selected state-change element; and

if the detected electrical parameter does not compare to the predetermined value, repeating the steps of applying a first voltage, applying a third voltage, detecting the electrical parameter, and comparing the detected electrical parameter.